

# Material Safety Data Sheet

May be used to comply with  
OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard,  
29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be  
consulted for specific requirements.

## U.S. Department of Labor

Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
(Non-Mandatory Form)  
Form Approved  
OMB No. 1218-0072



### IDENTITY (As Used on Label and List)

Dubl-Chek D100 Developer & D350 Developer

Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no  
information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.

### Section I

Transportation Emergency: CHEMTREC 800/424-9300

#### Manufacturer's Name

Sherwin Incorporated

#### Emergency Telephone Number

213/861-6324

#### Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code)

5530 Borwick Ave.

#### Telephone Number for Information

213/861-6324

South Gate, CA 90280

#### Date Prepared

August 4, 1987

#### Signature of Preparer (optional)

### Section II — Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Common Name(s))	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits Recommended	% (optional)
Hydrocarbon Propellant (liquified petroleum gas) L.P.G. CAS No. 68476-85-7	none listed	1000 ppm		
Isopropyl Alcohol CAS No. 67-63-0	400 ppm	400 ppm		

note: Spray can package contains a liquified petroleum gas (similar propane) which is extremely flammable. Contents of spray can are UNDER PRESSURE. Do not puncture, incinerate, burn compact, or heat. Exposure to temperatures above 120° F may cause bursting. Avoid prolonged exposure to sun's rays. STORE UNDER 120° F. Do not place on heated surfaces. Do not use as a hammer or otherwise misuse. Keep away from sparks, torches, welding areas and open flames. Do not use in confined area or area with little air movement. Employ means to prevent vapor buildup.

### Section III — Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point	N/A	Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	N/A
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.) in cans @ 70 F	50 psig	Melting Point	N/A
Vapor Density (AIR = 1) not determined		Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	N/A
Solubility in Water	Soluble		
Appearance and Odor	dries to white powder		

### Section IV — Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used) not applicable to spray cans	Flammable Limits propellant portion .	LEL 1.8% vol.	UEL 9.5% vol
Extinguishing Media	CO-2.. dry chemical, foam		

#### Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Spray cans under pressure..explosion hazard exists. Do not enter spray can storage area if fire present.

#### Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

As encountered with pressurized spray cans, using flammable gas as propellant.

Considered "extremely Flammable". Explosion hazard exists when spray cans heated.

**Section V — Reactivity Data**

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid	Open flames. Build of vapors. High temperatures.
	Stable	X	Hazards normally associated with spray can packages.	
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)			Strong oxidizing materials.	

**Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts**

Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur	X	

**Section VI — Health Hazard Data**

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Ingestion?
Primary routes of entry skin and eye contact.			
Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) not known.			

Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	No	IARC Monographs?	No	OSHA Regulated?	No
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Signs and Symptoms of Exposure	Eyes: irritation. Skin: Moderate irritation. Inhalation: light headiness.
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Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure	Not known.
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**Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes - flush with water. Skin-wash and remove contaminated clothing. Inhalation-fresh air. Ingestion-do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

**Section VII — Precautions for Safe Handling and Use****Steps to Be Taken in Case Material Is Released or Spilled**

With spray can package, spill of consequence unlikely. Eliminate all open flames and sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor. Ventilate area. Do not allow vapors to buildup. Absorb spills with absorbent material. (A fire or vapor hazard may still exist

as absorbent materials will absorb only liquids, not vapors.) Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Leaking spray cans should be placed in open pail until pressure dissipated.

**Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storing**

Store spray cans in cool, well ventilated areas away from sources of ignition such as as sparks, flames, welding arcs. Do not store above 120°F. Check with local fire dept.

Other Precautions for storing requirements. Emptied containers retain vapor and product residues. Do not weld, cut or drill container. Retained vapor is explosive. Dispose of empty spray can properly. Do not incinerate, crush, compact or burn.

**Section VIII — Control Measures**

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type) (Vapor concentration from spray cans sufficient to warrant respiratory equipment should not be permitted.)

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Special
	Sufficient to keep vapor concentration below TLV.	none
	Mechanical (General)	Other
		none

Protective Gloves	plastic, rubber, neoprene	Eye Protection	Chemical safety if possibility of spraying into eyes.
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Other Protective Clothing or Equipment	none required.
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Work/Hygienic Practices	Wash hands before eating. Do not smoke.
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